Evaluation of Forest Aboveground Biomass Estimation Capacity of X-band and P-band Interferometric SAR Data



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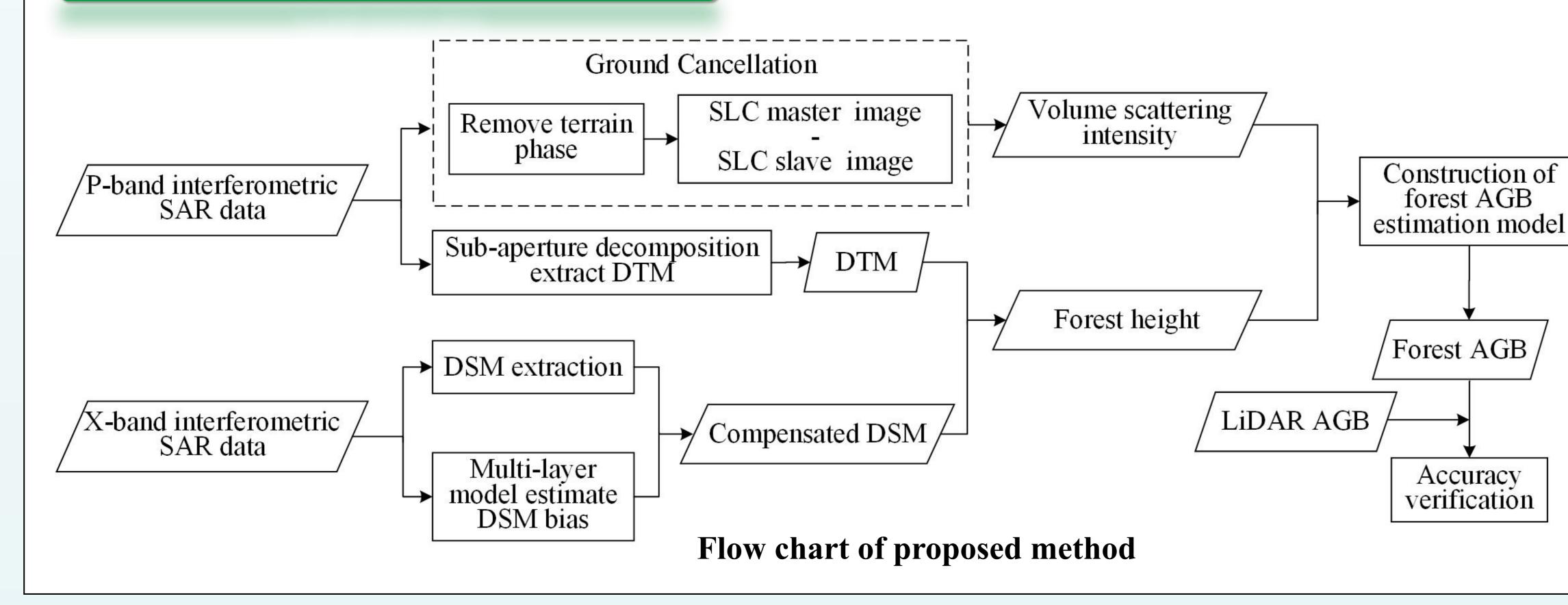
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Abstract

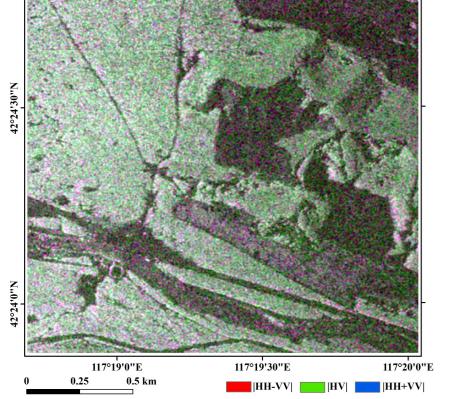
Based on X- and P-band interferometric SAR, high-precision forest height and volume scattering intensity were extracted, and on this basis, the forest AGB is accurately estimated by combining forest height and volume scattering intensity characteristics. Then, the estimation ability of forest AGB was evaluated from the single characteristics of forest height and scattering intensity and the combination of the two.

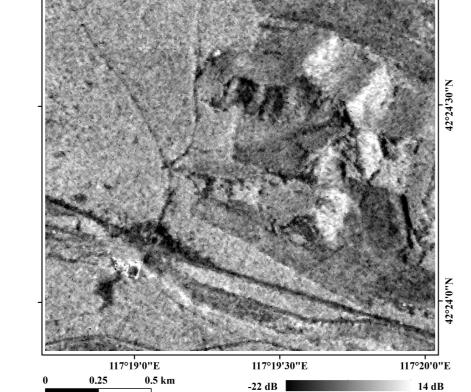
Methods



- The forest height estimation method of multi-frequency InSAR was enhanced to realize high-precision extraction of forest height.
- The P-band SAR volume scattering intensity extracted by the ground cancellation algorithm is combined with the forest height to achieve highprecision estimation of forest AGB.



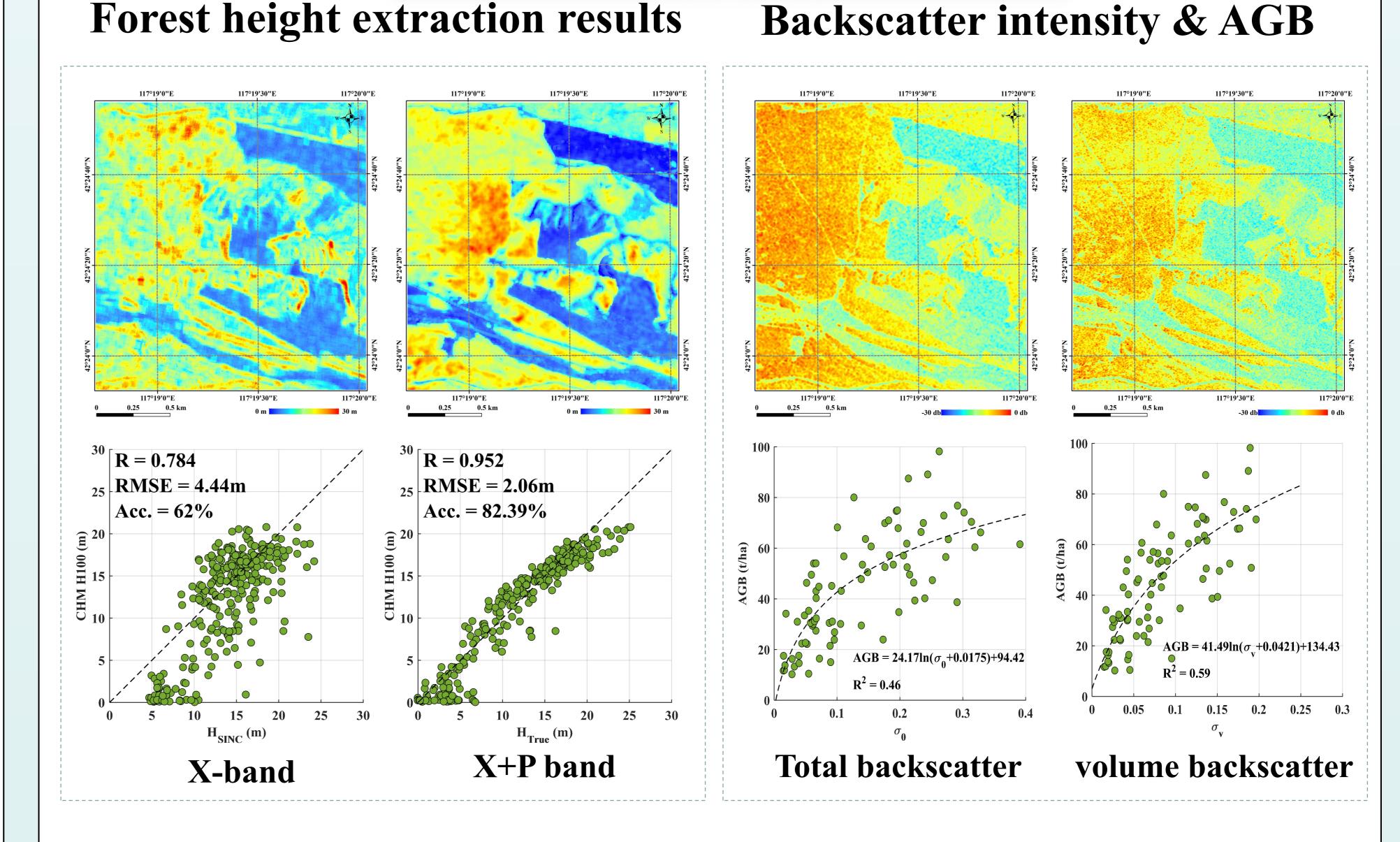




Pauli RGB image of the P-band master image

X-band master image backscatter intensity image

The study area is located in the Saihanba Forest Farm in northern Hebei Province, China. P-band InSAR data were acquired by repeated orbital interferometry observations by the airborne SAR system on October 29, 2019. X-band was acquired by the TanDEM-X system and imaged on December 29, 2018.

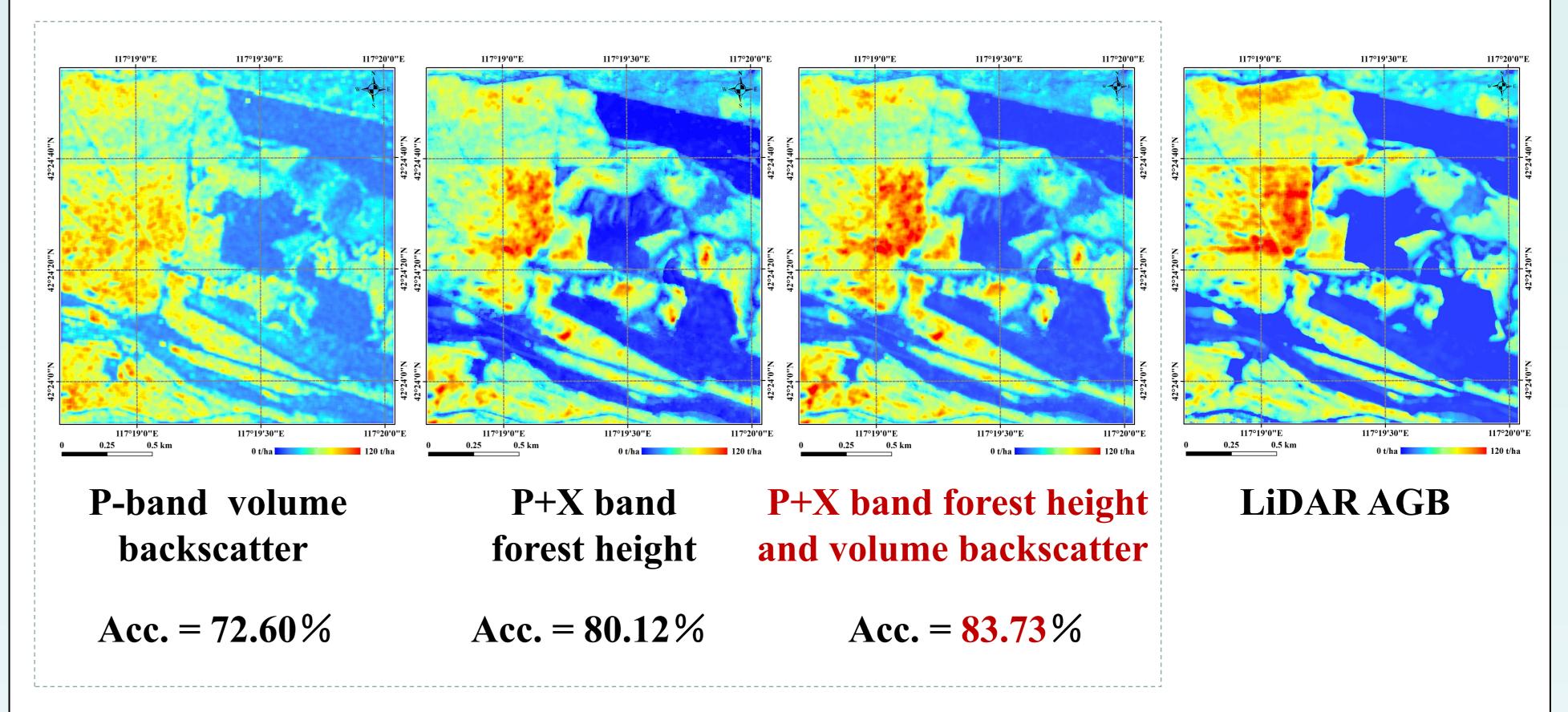


Results

AGB Estimate the results

Conclusion

Compared with the volume scattering intensity extracted from P-band and the forest height extracted by P+X data, the combination of the two can achieve better forest AGB estimation effect. When it comes to estimating forest AGB using a single characteristic, the forest height extracted from P+X bands performs better than the volume scattering intensity of the P band.



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